THE

Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9389. EDINBURGH, WEDNESDAY, October 31, 1781.

AYR, October 16. 1781.

WHEREAS very many of the Proprietors of Lands in the County of Ayr, notwithstanding of public notice having been repeatedly given, have neglected to pay up their proportion of the expence of obtaining the late and present turnpike acts for the said county of Ayr, as appointed by the act of Parliament; the trustees named in said act, at a general meeting, held at Ayr this day, appointed me, their clerk, to give this public notice, desiring that the Gentlemen who are in arrear, as above mentioned, will be pleased to order payment of their proportion of the foresaid expence, betwixt and the 1st day of December next, to William M'Cowan clerk to Messr. Hunters and Co. bankers in Ayr, who is authorised to uplift and discharge the same; certifying such as shall fail so to do, that said expence will be immediately thereafter recovered by pointing or quartering.

DAVID LIMOND.

THE Directors of the East Lothian and Merse WHALE-FISHING COMPANY hereby give notice, That they have ordered a DIVIDEND to be made upon the Company's Capital Stock, payable at the house of Sir William Forbes, James Hunter, and Co. upon the 14th of November next; to whom the proprietors are desired to apply for payment.

TWO ENSIGNCIES TO BE SOLD.

ONE in the 42d Regiment of Foot, commanded by Lord John Murray; the other in the 76th Regiment, commanded by Lieut. Colonel Commandant John Macdonell. Both regiments are in America.

For particulars, apply to Mr Robert Steell, in No. 7. Tokenham. Yard, London; and George Tod writer in Edinburgh.

Wanted to purchase,

A SLOOP of 100 or 120 tons burden. She must be constructed so as to carry a great loading, and have a small draught of water—Not new.

Apply by letter to Mr SIMPSON Bookseller, at the Cross, Edinburgh.

TO be LET, for such time as may be agreed on, entry at Whitsunday next,

The following FARMS, parts of the Estate of CLIFTON,

viz. the Farms of CLIFTON, and CURBURN, in the parish of Morbattle, and shire of Roxburgh.

The Farms called the BURNFOOT Farm, GREENFIELD Farm, and the PARK Farm, in the parish of Linton, and shire of Roxburgh.

These Farms, for many years in the possession of the proprietor, have been kept in the best order for stock; no plowing in any of them, excepting in some of the Inclosures of the Park and Burnfoot Farms; and they will be entered to in fine condition.

Apply to Thomas Cockburn writer to the signet, at Rowchester; or Richard Pringle at Bankhead, near Park, who have powers to let.

FARM IN PERTH-SHIRE TO LET.

To be LET, and entered to at Martinmas 1781,

THE large Farm of FINGASK, in the parish of Rhynd, and shire of Perth, lying mostly to a south exposure; the lands on the high ground being of a sweet mellow nature, fit for barley, clover, and turnip, or indeed any other crops; that below of rich carse grounds, proper for wheat and bean crops. There are about seventy acres Scots of this kind of low ground, which have never yet been ploughed, lying well and conveniently for bringing lime by water within half a mile of that part of the farm. There are a good many ditches already made towards inclosing it, which will make the design of inclosing the whole more easy, and sooner effected. And towards bringing in the 70 acres, it is proposed that the proprietor give a certain allowance for lime, which, at communing, will be further explained.—There is a very good house lately repaired for the tenant; and, besides an easy communication by water with Dundee or Leith, the farm lies within about three miles of Perth, both for a market and purchasing dung. Part of the ground is under summer fallow this year, and part is laid down with clover, &c. for the conveniency of the entering tenant.

Andrew Davidson writer in Perth will find a person to show the premisses, and take any proposals that may be made, or the proprietor at Kemback, by Cupar in Fife.

To be LET, and entered to at Martinmas 1781,

THE Following FARMS, being Part of the Estate of FINLAYSTON,

lying within the parishes of Kilmalcolm and Erskine, and shire of Renfrew:

Farms.		*Tenants.*
Lipperstone and Moss-side,	*possessed by*	Peter Simpson.
Laigh Langside & Lipperstone,		Hugh Kerr.
High Castlehill and Cloak,		James Holmes.
Mutchill,		John Lang.
Parklee,		—— Robertson.
Carnapoch,		John Crawford.
Mid Auchinleck,		Wm. Reid and James Denniston.
High Auchinleck,		Peter Fleming & Thomas Taylor.
Crofshill,		James Chalmers.
Cunston,		James Fleming.
West Auchinbothie,		Matthew Barr.
East Auchinbothie,		William Orr.
Castlehill,		John Gib.
Knockbuckle,		James Simpson.
Pecue Muir,		John Laird.
Middle & Wester Rountreehills,		James Laird.
East Rountreehill,		Robert Cuthbert.
Denniston,		John Laird.
Ditto,		John Fleming's Heirs.
Ditto,		David Millar.
Ditto,		John Lockhart.
Smiddyhill,		William Caldwall.
Knaps,		David Roger.
Together with the following possessions in and about the village of Kilmalcolm, presently occupied by		James Laird & Matthew Park. Janet Cunnynghame. Gabriel Wilson. John Holm. William Lyle. William Park. Gabriel Macmillan. Robert Greenlees. Matthew Park, innkeeper. Matthew Park, wright. John Tayler. Margaret Laird. Alexander Laird. Alexander Hatridge.

These lands are capable of very great improvement, and, from their vicinity to Greenock, Port-Glasgow, and Paisley markets, their situation is exceedingly favourable to the tenant. The village of Kilmalcolm is well situated for manufactory: In the ensuing let every reasonable encouragement will be given toward the establishment of manufacturers there.

Proposals may be given in to Thomas Tod writer to the signet, George's Square, Edinburgh, or to Alexander Dalziel, factor over the estate, who will attend at Finlayston every Monday, and receive offers till the let is completed.

FRENCH LANGUAGE,

Opposite to the Royal Exchange.

MR LE BRUN, from PARIS, continues, as usual, his FRENCH CLASSES, at his house, *now* opposite to the Royal Exchange, the third door up the Old Customhouse Stairs, entry to Parliament Square.

He proposes to open immediately different CLASSES, where such YOUNG LADIES and GENTLEMEN as have not yet begun FRENCH, may have an opportunity of being taught the true Principles of the Reading and Writing of the FRENCH LANGUAGE, with accuracy, and the Speaking of it with the true PARIS accent.

N. B. The Classes for the LADIES are to be from eleven to one forenoon; GENTLEMEN at any other hour.

MR LE BRUN's price as usual:—Public Classes, ONE GUINEA per quarter; Private Attendance, ONE GUINEA per month.

COUNTRY HOUSE AND LAND TO SET.

TO be LET, for such a number of years as can be agreed upon, the INCLOSURES of MOSSHALL, with the MANSION-HOUSE, &c. consisting of about sixty Scotch acres. The tenant can be accommodated with more land, if he chuses. Mosshall lies upon the great road to Glasgow, the 19th mile-stone at the foot of the entry. The tenant may have immediate access to the premises, stage coaches and carriers daily passing and returning from and to Edinburgh and Glasgow. For particulars call at the house of Mosshall.

Such part of the corns and cattle the tenant may want shall be sold him by appraisement.

To be LET, and entered to at Martinmas 1782,

THE Following FARMS in AYR-SHIRE,

being Part of the Estate of KILMARNOCK, lying within the parishes of Kilmarnock and Riccarton:

Farms.		*Tenants.*
West Wardlaw,	*possessed by*	Thomas Wilson.
Mid or East Wardlaw,		Matthew Lambert.
† *Smiddy*,		*Robert Ranking.*
Greenhead,		Mathew Young.
Muirhouselaw,		Robert Crawfurd.
Hillhouse,		William Young.
Muirhouse,		James Craig.
Ditto, and West Wardlaw North Park,		William Muir.
Ditto South Park,		Alexander Torrence.
Ralstonhill or Newhouse,		John Wilson.
Ralstonhills,		Robert & Alexander Torrences.
Ralston Waulk-mill,		James Finlay.
Crookedholm Lands and Waulk-mill,		James Steven.
Crookedholm Acres,		Andrew M'Lean.
Ditto, Gilmerholm,		James Boyd.
Ditto, Backhill,		Lambert and Learmont.
Struthers and Loanhead,		Robert Doak.
Ditto, below Mill and Lade,		Gavin Walker.
Ditto, Outfield,		Ditto.
Ditto, Outfield Roadside,		William Ranking.
Ditto, Acres and Roadside,		James Learmont.
New Mill and Lands, & Wheat Mill and Kill,		Gavin Walker.
Nethertoun Lands,		
Rottenholm,		James Learmont.
Ditto,		John Laird.
Ditto,		John Wyllie.
Ditto,		John Goldie.
Ditto,		John Baird.
Ditto,		Glasford's Heirs.
Ditto, and part of Glasfords,		Thomas Ranking.
Ditto, Sundry Articles,		Robert Alexander.
Ditto, Ground at Rumpie's,		Ditto.
Ditto, Green, including Box-hill,		Thomas Sloan.
Ditto, Part of Erown's,		Edward Kerr's Heirs.
Ditto, and Wardnock,		Thomas Stevenson.
Ditto, and Little Yard,		Robert Brown.
Ditto,		George Allan.
Ditto, Back Ground,		James Leggat.
Ditto,		James Dalziel.
Ditto,		William Goldie.
Ditto,		Robert Perrie.
Ditto,		Robert Hay.
Ditto,		Robert Harvey.
Ditto,		Allan Fowles.
Ditto,		John Ferguson.
Ditto,		David Brown's Heirs.
Ditto,		James Dick.
Westholms,		James Humphrey.
Blairston, south side of Water Maxholm, in Riccarton,		James Morrison.
Blairston, north side of the water,		George Baird.
Holmes 4 acre Park,		James Humphrey.
Muir Park,		Matthew Gemmil.
Eastholm, Burnheadholm, &c.		Thomas Sampson.
Ditto, 7 acres,		John Tolemy.
Holmhead Houses,		Barry and Muir.
Ditto,		Andrew Aird.
Waterside Houses,		Alexander M'Crone's Widow.
Ditto,		Alexander Thomson.
Ditto,		James Peden.
Old Glebe,		William Brown.
Hillhead,		William Hunter.
Onthank,		John Swan.
Ditto,		John Gemmill.
Wardnock and Doak Park,		Alexander Young.
Knockinlaw and Mount Park,		John Cochrane.
Ditto,		William Cuthbertson.
Ditto, and Wardnock,		Robert Campbell.
Wardnock, north side,		James Armour.
Ditto, Park,		Allardice and Young.
Ditto, north side Rowallan road,		John M'Christy.
Ditto, Mountains,		John and Hugh Patons.
Hole and Wardnock,		John Ranking.
Whitehill Park,		William Muir.
† *Third Part*,		*Robert Armour.*
† *Barlieth*,		*James Brown's Heirs.*
Blair,		Sundries.
Wardlaw,		Allan Brown.

☞ *Those marked † to be let and entered to at Martinmas 1781.*

These lands are all arable, of an excellent soil, and capable of the highest cultivation. A great part of them is well inclosed and subdivided with hedges. As they lie immediately contiguous to Kilmarnock, a very considerable manufacturing town, the tenant has a ready market for the produce of his farm; and as there are extensive coal and lime works carried on within the estate, he is very easily supplied with means of improvement.

Proposals may be given in to Thomas Tod writer to the signet, George's Square, Edinburgh, or to Alexander Dalziel at Erskine, factor on the estate, who will attend periodically at Kilmarnock, and receive offers till the set is completed. The days of his attendance will be intimated in a future advertisement.

James Lambert, baron officer at Kilmarnock, will show the grounds.

SALE of a HOUSE & GARDEN in Kirkcaldy.

TO be SOLD by public roup on Thursday the 22d November next, in Mrs Clyd's, vintner in Kirkcaldy, at twelve o'clock, That TENEMENT of LAND and GARDEN, Stable, Well, and Close, lying in the town of Kirkcaldy, on the north side of the street, about the middle of the town, which belonged to the deceased Mr John Durham surgeon. The tenement consists of two storeys, and four apartments in each, ground storey and garrets, with closets and other conveniencies; and fit to accommodate a large family, or may be occupied by different families.—The articles of roup and progress of writs are lodged with William Drysdale clerk of Kirkcaldy, who has power to sell by private bargain.

SALE of the YORK BUILDING COMPANY'S ESTATES.

TO be SOLD by public auction, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament-house of Edinburgh, on Friday 15th February next, between the hours of four and six afternoon, the following ESTATES, belonging to the YORK BUILDING COMPANY:

I. The Lands and Barony of BELHELVIE, lying in the county of Aberdeen, whereof the proven free rent is 956*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* 10-12ths sterling; and the upset price, at 24 years purchase, is 22,963*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.*

II. The LANDS in the parishes of Fetteresso and Dunnottar, in the county of Kincardine, belonging to the York Building Company, (except the Village of Stonehaven). The proven free rent of these lands is 796*l.* 8*s.* 8*d.* 8-12ths; and the upset price, at 25 years purchase, (after deducing 500 merks, allowed to be retained for redeeming a wadset possessed by James Wood, and found to be redeemable for that sum), is 19,883*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* sterling.

III. The Lordship and Barony of LEUCHARS and others, belonging to the York Building Company, lying in the county of Fife, whereof the proven free rent is 737*l.* 19*s.* 5*d.* 11-12ths sterling; and the upset price, at 25 years purchase, is 16,973*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.* 1-12th sterling.

Considerable grassums were paid by the tenants of these three estates, not estimated in the above rental thereof; the particulars whereof will be seen from the scheme of the sale.

IV. The Lordship and Estate of KILSYTH, lying in the counties of Stirling and Dunbarton, under lease to Mr Campbell of Shawfield, at the rent of 500*l.* free of all deductions. The upset price, at 25 years purchase, is 12,500*l.*

All these estates will be divided into smaller lots, whereof the particulars will be hereafter advertised.

Copies of the rentals, and prepared scheme of the sales, with surveys and plans of the estates, to be seen in the hands of Alexander Mackenzie writer to the signet; and the prepared state of the sale, and articles of roup, may be seen at the office of Keith Dunbar, depute clerk of Session.

From the London Papers, Oct. 26.

LONDON.

A Courier has brought advice to Vienna, to Prince Kaunitz, First Minister to the Emperor, that the Grand Duke and Duchess of Russia would set out from Petersburgh the 31st of August; that they expected to be at Berlin the 30th of September; where they intend to remain till the 15th of October; and that from thence they would go to the Court of Dresden to spend a few days in consequence of this invitation necessary orders have been dispatched to the different places through which they are to pass, to give them that reception which is due to their high rank.

This intelligence having been also communicated to the Court of Berlin, great preparations were made for their reception. Their Imperial Highnesses travel with a suite of sixteen coaches, and six horses to each. The King of Prussia has given directions to the manufacturers of Porcelaine or China, at Berlin, to make three services most elegantly painted and gilt; two of them are designed as presents to their Highnesses; the third for Prince Potemkin.

The most trifling success elates our neighbours on the continent; and one successful event is esteemed by them to be infallibly the forerunner of another. The Duke de Crillon has effected a landing in Minorca, which any General could have done with an army not half sufficient to take Fort St Philip; yet they think his landing so sure a prognostication of the entire conquest of the island, that by the last accounts from Spain, we find, that his Catholic Majesty has already honoured the Duke with the order of the *Golden Fleece*.

Great as was the harmony which was lately established between the Courts of Rome and Naples, it is now, by a recent event, in a very fair way of being destroyed. The cause of rupture does not originate in any dispute about the vassalage of the Crown of Naples to the Pope, as Lord Paramount, nor yet about the King's right to the investiture of Bishopricks in his kingdom; the great, the consequential cause of rupture, is of much more importance; it is of no less magnitude than a dispute about *etiquette*. The Cardinal, Secretary to his Holiness, has refused to give the title of *Excellency* to Prince Cimitele, the Neapolitan Minister to the Holy See. His Excellency's reason is, that the title belongs only to those Ministers, who bear the name of *Ambassadors*, and not to those who are invested only with the characters of *Ministers Plenipotentiary*, in which character Prince Cimitele appears, from his Sicilian Majesty. The Prince insists, that he has got two strings to his bow; and that though the title of *Excellency* should not be allowed to him as the Minister of a crowned head, he was fully entitled to it as Knight of the Order of St *Januarius*: The auditor of the Pontifical Nunciature,, or the Secretary for foreign affairs, waited some few days ago at Naples on the Marquis della Sambucca, Prime Minister to the King of the Two Sicilies, in order to explain to him, the grounds upon which the Holy See had acted in disallowing Prince Cimitele's claim to the title of *Excellency*. The only reply made by the Marquis, was, "that his Majesty looked upon the refusal as a new subject of dissatisfaction, and as a fresh slight put upon his Crown, by the Court of Rome."

PRICES of CORN at CORN EXCHANGE, Oct. 26.

Wheat, 30 s. a 40 s.	Boiling Pease, 28 s.
Fine ditto, ditto.	Tick Beans, 17 a 20 s.
Rye, 18 a 20 s.	Small ditto, 20 a 22 s. 6 d.
Oats, 12 s. a 15 s.	Tares, 20 a 26 s.
Barley, 14 s. a 16 s. 6 d.	Fine Flour, 39 s. per sack.
Malt, 25 s. a 27 s.	Second sort, 37 s.
Grey Pease, 19 a 21 s.	Rape Seed, 13 L. 10 s. per last.
White ditto, 26 a 27 s.	

MEMOIRS of EMINENT LIVING PERSONS.

DR PRIESTLEY is now about fifty-three years of age; the greateſt part of which time he has ſpent in a very extraordinary attention to literary and philoſophical ſubjects. He was bred a Diſſenter, and inherited ſcarcely any other fortune than a tolerable education, which he did not ſeriouſly advance upon ſyſtem till he was ſix or ſeven and twenty. He made a beginning with a ſmall grammar ſchool in Yorkſhire; but that not anſwering, he gave it up, and then undertook the education of two young gentlemen on a ſalary. This not being a ſituation to his mind, he came to London, ſomething in the ſtile of an adventurer, but without ſucceſs. There he connected himſelf with ſome people from Leeds, who recommended him for a miniſter of a chapel at that town. He lived there many years, and employed his time chiefly in writing tracts upon Divinity. He was ſix or ſeven-and-thirty years of age before he engaged in the branch of natural philoſophy; but preſently made a very rapid progreſs, his publications meeting with great attention. By degrees he grew ſo celebrated in this line, that the Earl of Shelburne, wiſhing to diſtinguiſh himſelf as a patron, engaged him as *a man of letters*, at a ſalary of 200 l. a-year, and a very good houſe, rent free, at Calne. As his Lordſhip every winter aſked him on a viſit to London, Dr Prieſtley was introduced into a life he could not otherwiſe have experienced; he travelled alſo with his Lordſhip through France and a part of Germany. He had an apartment in Shelburne Houſe, which was a perfect elaboratory. When, however, his Lordſhip married, theſe London viſits were diſcontinued; nor was Mrs Prieſtley received at Bowood in the ſame free manner as before; as ſhe uſed to be one in parties of Ladies. It is ſaid, his Lordſhip and the Doctor are not upon ſuch good terms as formerly.—It was reported that Lady Shelburne ſaid, "Indeed, my Lord, *two play-things* are too much—A *philoſopher* was very well when you had no wife—but now the caſe is altered, you may certainly live without the *Doctor*."

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *Oct.* 27.

St James's, October 27.

THURSDAY laſt, being the Anniverſary of the King's Acceſſion to the Throne, wh[en] his Majeſty entered into the twenty-ſecond year of his reign, there was a numerous and ſplendid appearance of the Nobility, Foreign Miniſters, and other perſons of diſtinction, to compliment his Majeſty upon the occaſion. At one o'clock the guns in the Park and at the Tower were fired; and in the evening there were illuminations, and other public demonſtrations of joy, in London and Weſtminſter.

War-Office, October 27. 1781.

15th Regiment of Light Dragoons, Lieutenant Alexander Hatfield is appointed to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Lewis Majendie. Cornet Jeffery Wheelock to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Hatfield. Cornet Thomas Schutz, of 21ſt Dragoons, to be Cornet, vice Jeffery Wheelock. Cornet John Polhill to be Lieutenant, vice John Beckwith.

21ſt Regiment of Light Dragoons, Cornet Thomas Eaſtaff to be Lieutenant, vice William Gilbert Child. Cornet William Douglas to be Lieutenant, vice William Walton.

23d Regiment of Light Dragoons, Quarter-Maſter Robert Helton, of 14th Dragoons, to be Adjutant.

8th Regiment of foot, Volunteer Donald Murchieſon to be Enſign in one of the Additional Companies, vice John Armſtrong.

9th Regiment of foot, Captain-Lieutenant John Jones to be Captain of a Company, vice John Money. Lieutenant George Vincent to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice John Jones. Enſign Thomas Dean to be Lieutenant, vice George Vincent. Edward Elliot, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Thomas Dean. Alexander Maitland, Gent. to be Enſign in one of the Additional Companies, vice Thomas Surman.

20th Regiment of foot, Volunteer William Macleod, of 42d foot, to be Enſign in one of the Additional Companies, vice J. Rogerſon Wolſeley.

42d Regiment of foot, Enſign Charles Sutherland to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Maitland.

60th Regiment of foot, 2d Battalion, Joſeph Paſquada, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Anthony Paſquada. 3d Battalion, Enſign Anthony Paſquada, of 2d Battalion, to be Lieutenant, vice Nathaniel Farnall.

62d Regiment of foot, Curwen Adderton, Gent. to be Enſign, vice William Oldham.

71ſt Regiment of foot, Enſign Erſkine Fraſer to be Lieutenant, in one of the Additional Companies, vice Edward Fraſer. James Murray Grant, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Erſkine Fraſer.

75th Regiment of foot, Enſign Thomas Fortye to be Lieutenant, vice John Lloyd.

90th Regiment of foot, Enſign Richard Thompſon to be Lieutenant vice Honourable Charles Wyndham. Edward Gayer, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Richard Thompſon.

92d Regiment of foot, David Jones, Clerk, to be Chaplain.

98th Regiment of foot, Enſign John Armſtrong, of the Additional Companies of the 8th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Black.

100th Regiment of foot, Enſign J. Rogerſon Wolſeley, of the Additional Companies of 20th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice John Baxter.

101ſt Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Breon Bordes, of 79th foot, to be Lieutenant. Enſign William Rolfe Elſden, of 26th foot, to be Lieutenant in Captain Smollet Campbell's company.

Weſtern regiment of Fencible men, Lachlan Campbell, Gent. to be Surgeon, vice John M'Colme.

Earl Fauconberg's regiment of foot, Henry Griffin, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Thomas Phipps.

Independent Company of foot, Lieutenant John Storie, of the Additional Companies of 71ſt foot, to be Captain.

Independent Company of Foot, Lieutenant Netterville Blake, of 59th Foot, to be Captain.

Enſign Thomas Stamford, of 65th Foot, to be Lieutenant in Captain George Browne's Independent Company of Foot.

Robert Howell, Gent. to be Enſign in Captain William Carruthers's Independent Company of Foot.

Anthony Burke, Gent. to be Enſign in Captain Richard North's Independent Company of Foot.

Jeremiah Tyler, Gent. to be Enſign in Captain Daniel Ord's Independent Company of Foot.

James Magrath, Gent. to be Enſign in Captain Chriſtopher Aldworth's Independent Company of Foot, vice William Creagh.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, *Oct.* 26.

Torbay 23. Yeſterday arrived the Charlotte, Forreſter, of Liverpool, bound to the coaſt of Guinea; ſhe was taken the 14th inſt. by the Harlequin privateer of Dunkirk, and retaken the 18th by his Majeſty's cutter Griffin. A large fleet is off here, ſuppoſed to be the Leeward-iſland ſhips, they have been off this place two days becalmed; they make little or no way, but with the tide.

Portſmouth 25. This day the Leeward-iſland fleet, under convoy of the Panther and Triumph men of war, it is ſaid, paſſed by for the Downs.

A veſſel from Liverpool to Charleſtown, was captured off Youghal the 17th inſtant.

From the London Papers, Oct. 25.

Liſbon, Sept. 15. The French Ambaſſador has lately received a courier from France, with diſpatches for our court, which courier was immediately diſpatched back again.

Since his departure it has been ſaid, that the miniſtry at Verſailles have demanded permiſſion for the ſame merchandizes to be imported from France into this kingdom, as the Engliſh are accuſtomed to do, and that the Americans ſhould be at liberty to anchor in our ports. It is not yet known what anſwer her Majeſty has returned to theſe requiſitions.

Cadiz, Sept. 25. The day before yeſterday our fleet returned into this bay, in good condition; and this morning ſix ſhips of the line, one frigate, and a bilander, ſailed from our port to meet the convoy from the Havannah, conſiſting of 80 veſſels, under the eſcort of four ſhips of war, and having on board an ineſtimable treaſure.

Vienna, Oct. 10. A dreadful fire has happened at Peterwaradein, which has burnt down 150 houſes.

Paris, Oct. 14. The news which we have received from America, dated the 20th of Auguſt, import, that M. de Graſſe had ſailed with his fleet for Portſmouth in Virginia, after having received advice that a reinforcement of 3000 Engliſh regular troops was arrived at New-York. If this news is confirmed, we may flatter ourſelves that the corps of Engliſh troops under General Lord Cornwallis will be cloſely preſſed, being purſued on another ſide by the American army under the Generals Greene and la Fayette.

M. de Cappelis, Lieutenant of a man of war, diſpatched from Rhode-Iſland the 28th of Auguſt by M. de Barras, Chef d'Eſcadre, is arrived at Verſailles with the news, that M. de Rochambeau was in march with a corps of French troops, to join the Generals Greene and la Fayette. We may therefore ſhortly expect to receive advice of ſome very intereſting event. The operations are well concerted, and if the execution anſwers the deſign, we may promiſe ourſelves the moſt brilliant ſucceſs.

Hague, Oct. 21. Their High Mightineſſes, we hear, have taken the reſolution to write to his Serene Highneſs the Hereditary Prince Stadtholder, to pray him, in his quality of Admiral-General, to give the neceſſary orders for procuring fit and ſuitable convoys for the navigation of the Weſt-Indies.

Amſterdam, Oct. 22. They write from the Sound, that a fleet of more than 230 Engliſh veſſels had ſailed on the 13th of the preſent month, under the convoy of one ſhip of 64 guns and a frigate; and that ſeveral other ſhips of different nations were gone for the North Sea.

LONDON.

Yeſterday morning Capt. Roberts of the Hyena frigate, arrived at the Admiralty with diſpatches from Gibraltar, which were afterwards laid before the King at St James's, by Lord Sandwich. By what has tranſpired from the above, the fortreſs of Gibraltar is perfectly ſecure from any attack which it is poſſible for the enemy to make on their works, and the only difficulty experienced by the troops, is a ſcantineſs of freſh proviſions.

The above officer, in his paſſage, fell in with the Spaniſh fleet, which conſiſted of 20 ſail of the line, and in two days after met Admiral Darby with his fleet, 26 ſail in number, beſides fireſhips, &c. who on the intelligence received from Capt. Roberts, crouded all the ſail he could in purſuit of the enemy.

This morning, about nine o'clock, an expreſs arrived at the Admiralty with an account, that Commodore Stewart, after having in vain done every thing in his power to bring the Dutch to a ſecond engagement, had returned with his whole ſquadron into the Downs. The accounts add, that ſeveral trading veſſels have been taken from the enemy.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to promote Major Delancey, of the 17th regiment of dragoons, and firſt Aid du Camp to Sir Henry Clinton, to be Adjutant-General to the army in North America, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the army. The above appointment has been vacant ever ſince the death of the unfortunate and much lamented Major Andre.

Sir James Wallace was at the levee yeſterday, and had the honour of kiſſing his Majeſty's hand upon his recent appointment to the command of the Warrior, a new 74 gun ſhip.

Information has been received of two Britiſh cruizers being ſeen in a rapid chace of a fleet of French veſſels bound for the Levant, without convoy: and that it was apprehended they could not fail of coming up with them. The cruizers got intelligence of them from ſome Algerine veſſels.

The following is a liſt of packets which Government expect daily, viz.

Diligence, from St Auguſtine and Georgia.
Duke, from Charleſtown.
And the Duke of Cumberland and Swallow from New York.

The Comet, from Jamaica, and the Queen Charlotte, from Carolina, are feared to be taken.

Some of the Leewarden merchants, who, ſome time ſince remonſtrated very ſpiritedly againſt the States of their own province, have ſcrupled not to ſay, that they wiſh for the gratification of ſeeing the original authors of the war with England hanging up before the gate of the 'Change at Amſterdam.

It having been repreſented to Government, ſince the capture of Penſacola, that the place might in all probability have been ſaved, if the neceſſary and proper exertions had been made for its protection by the fleet under the command of Admiral Sir Peter Parker, an order has been ſent out for ſuperſeding that Admiral, and appointing Admiral Rowley to the chief command in his ſtead. No ſpecific charge has been made againſt Sir Peter, but only in general terms, that he did not ſend any reinforcement to the relief of Penſacola, which it is the opinion of Government he might have done, if he had attended to his duty; and therefore a Board of Enquiry will certainly take place upon his conduct immediately on his return to this country. It is notwithſtanding ſuppoſed, by ſome parts of the Adminiſtration, that the Admiral, as he has always been univerſally acknowledged to be a brave and experienced officer, had ſome good reaſon for his conduct on this occaſion, and the official letters to him from the American department, contained this intimation, that though Government were of opinion, that an enquiry was neceſſary, it was nevertheleſs believed he would give a ſatisfactory account of his behaviour whenever it ſhould come under an examination.

St Auguſtine, in Eaſt Florida, againſt which the Spaniards are ſaid to have undertaken an expedition, is not more than fifteen leagues from Savannah, and the ſtrongeſt place in that part of the continent. General Oglethorpe was the laſt who beſieged it in 1740; he threw a number of ſhells into the town and caſtle, but though it was but indifferently garriſoned by the Spaniards, he was obliged to raiſe the ſiege.

The ſiege of St Auguſtine in 1702 was carried on for more than three months, and at laſt abandoned by the Carolinas, who undertook it, under the auſpices of Queen Anne's adminiſtration.

By ſome ladies, who left Mingrea on the 10th of September, we learn, that the ſally which the garriſon made on the advanced troops of our enemies, was attended with the wiſhed-for ſucceſs, as they were almoſt all cut to pieces; and during the ſally ſeveral ſhells were ſo well aimed at their camp, as cauſed them to ſtrike their tents with the utmoſt precipitation, and retreat into Mahon. The Captain of the privateer's name, who was ſo ſucceſsful at Fort Philipet by taking 200 priſoners, is Coſter, a Minorquin by birth. During the ſally Coſter ran in under the guns of Fort St Philip, and unloaded his ſtores; after which he took on board 100 ſoldiers, and performed the above exploit at Fort Philipet, and for his behaviour, alertneſs, and loyalty, he was thanked by General Murray, who, however, ordered his veſſel to be ſunk, for fear of her falling into the hands of the enemy. So ſudden, well directed, and vigorous was the fire from the ſixty pieces of cannon againſt the new battery the enemy had juſt erected, that by after accounts from Mahon, ſcarce one belonging to it eſcaped. Since that, they have attempted in various places to make their approaches on the glacis, but have been always ſwept off by the cannon of the fort. The town of St George, which ſtood half way between Fort St Philip and Mahon, being entirely levelled by General Murray's orders, the enemy have no place of ſhelter now to carry on their operations, as they had the laſt war, when Blakeney left the Araval, or ſuburbs of St Philip's, ſtanding, which proved ſo uſeful to Richelieu. The above ladies who gave us theſe particulars, among many other matters, add, that they were two days at Crillon's table, as they were leaving Minorca, who ſhowed them the utmoſt politeneſs. He mentioned to them, that he thought it ſomewhat extraordinary he ſhould be the only perſon wounded, when he was reconnoitring, but added, "'Twas a mark of honour the Britiſh had given him, for which his maſter would, he hoped, careſs him, ſhould he be ſo fortunate as to return." The Duke's wound is not dangerous. He added, that even by what he had already acquired of Minorca, poſſeſſing every place, except Fort St Philip, and commanding all the coaſts of the Iſland, one of the main intentions of his expedition was accompliſhed, the preventing of the Minorquin privateers from harraſſing the Mediterranean trade of France and Spain; ſo that from this we may learn, that the Duke ſeeing the ſtrength of the fort, will probably make no more ſerious approaches, other than attempting to ſtarve the garriſon, by cutting off their ſupplies.

The conferences which have lately taken place between the R——n Miniſter and our Secretary of State having produced various opinions, we take this opportunity of acquainting our readers with the following particulars, which we have from reſpectable authority:—When a Great Perſonage was officially informed of the arrival of the French in the Cheſapeak, and reflected on the poſſible conſequences, he ſent immediately for Lord G—— G——, and expreſſed to him ſuch feelings as were natural upon ſo alarming an occaſion. The miniſter declared with his uſual candour, that while the enemy maintained ſo great a ſuperiority by ſea and land, the beſt concerted meaſures, and the moſt daring courage, would be defeated; that we wanted both ſhips and armies, and that until thoſe deficiencies were made up, all our efforts to ſubdue the rebellion in America would prove abortive. The interview was ſhort, the American Miniſter retired; and in a ſhort time after the Lords St—— and S—— were ſummoned to the cloſet. The beſt method of ſending out a powerful reinforcement was conſidered. Several plans were hinted at, but that of contracting for foreign regularly diſciplined forces was thought the moſt expedient. In conſequence of this determination, the R——n Miniſter received a card from C—— —— R—w, where his viſits have ſince been ſo frequent as to cauſe public obſervation. By this account, the truth of which we have not any reaſon to doubt, it appears that his ——— is determined to ſupport that right which even the patriotic Lord Chat——m declared could never be ſurrendered.

The following is to be the diſpenſation of naval authorities on the other ſide of the Atlantic, for the year enſuing:—Admiral Digby, as ſoon as he arrives at New York, is to take upon himſelf the chief command; on which account Admiral Graves, who is the ſenior officer, quits the American ſtation, and is appointed ſecond in command under Admiral Rowley, who ſucceeds Sir Peter Parker, who is ordered home. The transferring Admiral Graves to the Jamaica ſtation is entirely for the accommodation of Admiral Digby, who, independent of the chief naval command, has received the further appointment of being joint Commiſſioner with Sir Henry Clinton, which will make his ſituation altogether nearly as lucrative as the high one poſſeſſed by Sir Henry himſelf.

The Parliament of Dijon, the capital of Burgundy, lately made a very ſingular decree: A Counſellor in the Preſidial, one of the inferior Judges in that Parliament, having had a diſcuſſion with an Attorney, was carried away ſo far by paſſion, that he ſtruck the Attorney on the face. The latter made his complaint in form. The only thing the Judge had to do, foreſeeing the conſequences if the affair ſhould be brought to trial, was to write to the Attorney, and make an apology for what he had done. He did ſo; but it did not avail; an apology did not appear to the Attorney a ſufficient ſatisfaction for a blow; and therefore he went on with his action. The proofs were evident; no defence was made; the Court therefore paſſed the following ſevere ſentence: "That he ſhould in open Court expreſs his ſorrow for having forgot himſelf ſo far as to give a blow; that he ſhould receive ſuch another as he had given; that he ſhould be impriſoned twelve months; and that he ſhould never preſume to live in the ſame town where the Attorney ſhould take up his reſidence." The Judge appealed, but the ſentence was confirmed in full Parliament. He then moved for a new trial; but all was in vain; his motion was over-ruled, and he is now in priſon, expiating his offence.

PRICE of STOCKS, Oct. 27.

Bank Stock —	Ditto New Ann. 55¼.
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 70¼ a ⅞.	Ditto 1751, —
3½ per cent. 1758, —	India Stock, 119½ a ¾.
3 per cent. con. 56¼.	3 per cent. Ann —
3 per cent. red. con. ſhut, 55¾ a ¼ ex div.	India Bonds, 2 a 4 prem.
3 per cent. 1726. —	Exch. Bills, par a 1 diſc.
Long Ann. 16 9-16ths a ¾ a ¼.	Navy Bills, 12¼ a ½ diſc.
— Ann. 1777, —	3 per cent. Scrip. —
Ditto 1778, 12¼.	4 per cent. Scrip. —
South Sea Stock, —	Omnium, —
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	Bank Stock Scrip. —
	Lot. Tic. 14 l. 12 s. 6 d. a 14 s.

WIND AT DEAL,
Oct. 26. N. N. E.

EDINBURGH.

Some of the public papers having given an inaccurate account of the ſpeech delivered by Mr Hunter-Blair, upon his election on Monday laſt, we are happy in having it in our power to lay

before our readers the following, which, we have reaſon to believe, is pretty nearly the words made uſe of by that gentleman on the occaſion:

My LORD PROVOST, *and* GENTLEMEN,

BY unanimouſly chuſing me your repreſentative in Parliament, you have, in a very generous manner, raiſed me to one of the moſt important ſtations which any individual of this community can, by your ſuffrages, enjoy. From the bottom of my heart, I therefore acknowledge the obligations I owe you for this diſtinguiſhing teſtimony of your eſteem and confidence.

Independent of every alluſion to my perſonal merit or demerit, I am perſuaded, that the diſintereſted and conſtitutional principles which have directed all your meaſures in the conduct of this election, will not only procure you the ſincere reſpect and applauſe of your fellow-citizens, but will eſtabliſh an example worthy of the imitation of your countrymen.

You have been accuſtomed to know my opinions reſpecting public affairs. I am determined, in the preſent embarraſſing conjuncture, to ſupport very earneſtly every meaſure of Adminiſtration which my judgment ſhall approve. At the ſame time, I give you the fulleſt aſſurances, that the proſperity of the Britiſh empire, of this great city, and of you my conſtituents, ſhall be the conſtant object of my conſideration and attention: For I am conſcious, that as long as I, with honour and ſolicitude, continue to perform theſe various duties, your approbation will accompany that of my own heart.

Extract of a letter from London, Oct. 27.

"Notwithſtanding that ſeveral of the papers of this day have announced the arrival of the Hyena, Captain Roberts, from Gibraltar, and that he fell in with twenty-one ſail of Spaniſh ſhips, after which Admiral Darby had ſailed through his information, there is no account whatever of it at the Admiralty, nor is it credited in the political world. At any rate, the commander of the above ſhip is not named *Roberts*, but *Thompſon*.

"The Miniſtry are in great anxiety, on account of the ſuppoſed ſituation of Lord Cornwallis, as they know it is out of the power of Sir Henry Clinton to ſend him any further reinforcements from New York, which place General Waſhington and the Count Rochambeau either have, or certainly mean to attack, as part of the plan of operations laid down for them to purſue, upon the arrival of Monſ. de Graſſe up the Cheſapeak.

"The commercial part of the public are in daily expectation of the arrival of the Jamaica fleet, as they could not have been detained at that place by any known circumſtance, at leaſt after their returning to it, in conſequence of Monſ. De Graſſe having been ſeen off the Cape.

"Notwithſtanding the pretended diſtreſſes of the State, and the want of further reſources, it is confidently ſaid, that the Miniſter has lately been ſounding the monied people in the city, on the ſubject of the loan for the next year, and that he has obtained promiſes of ſubſcriptions to a much larger amount than the loan of laſt year; in conſequence of which, it is ſaid, that the American war will be proſecuted with more vigour than ever.

"The ſevere drubbing given the Dutch by Admiral Parker, and the check ſince given their trade by Commodore Keith Stuart, has made them heartily tired of the war, and excited them a very general deſire for a ſeparate peace with Great Britain. In conſequence of this, they are ſaid to be uſing every means in their power for accelerating the negociation carrying on by the Ambaſſadors of the Courts of Ruſſia, Sweden, and Denmark, for that purpoſe, and between whom, and Lord Grantham, ſeveral conferences have lately been held.

"The King of Pruſſia is ſaid to have been at length engaged in the cauſe of Great Britain; and that it is owing to the remonſtrances of that Monarch to the States of Holland, in favour of the former, that has led them to wiſh ſo earneſtly for peace.

"The patriotic members of the Livery of London, are exerting themſelves to procure a Common Hall, for the purpoſe of moving for a remonſtrance to the Throne, againſt any further proſecution of the American war; but the more diſpaſſionate people are much againſt the meaſure, being ſenſible, that, if the dependency of America is granted, the Weſt India iſlands will in a little go with them.

"The impriſonment of Mr Grenville, as a French ſpy, by the Alderman Woolridge, for five days, without any oath in information taken, is likely to make a great noiſe. The Court of Aldermen were put off enquiring into his conduct till this day ſe'ennight, on account of the neceſſity the Alderman is ſuppoſed to be under of going out of town, though he is ſtill in London, and diſcovers no ſigns of leaving it."

Accounts are received, by the laſt ſhips from India, of the death of David Scrymgeour, Eſq; ſecond brother to Alexander Wedderburn of Wedderburn, Eſq; Advocate.

Mrs Reid of Sydſerf, died at Sydſerf the 29th inſtant.

James Hunter-Blair, Eſq; repreſentative in Parliament for the city, has generouſly granted the following donations: To the Merchant Company, for behoof of their poor, 100 l. To the Trades Maiden Hoſpital, 50 l. and to the Charity Workhouſe, 50 l.

It is reported the Britiſh Miniſtry have been engaged, for ſome months, in drawing up a plan for an accommodation with America, which, it is ſaid, has been communicated to ſome of the leading men in the Congreſs, who approve of it, and think it for the advantage of both nations to agree to; but, in the firſt place, the plan muſt have the ſanction of the Britiſh Parliament, before the Congreſs will officially take the matter into conſideration. Theſe advices came by the laſt diſpatches from Sir Henry Clinton; and the firſt buſineſs of the Britiſh Parliament will be the conſideration of this plan of accommodation, the terms of which are kept a great ſecret, but ſaid to be on ſo liberal a baſis, that there is not the leaſt doubt of their being agreed to.

An authentic letter from Port l'Orient to a merchant of Leith, dated 3d inſtant, mentions, that the 7th of September laſt, two ſhips of the line, three frigates, and eight tranſports with four battalions of land-forces on board, ſailed from Breſt on an expedition then kept ſecret, but ſuppoſed to be a further re-inforcement to the troops of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty on Rhode Iſland.

A letter from Mr H——, of New-York, to his brother in Dublin, dated 16th November, mentions, that a general ſurvey of all the carpenters of the fleet was had the day before on his Majeſty's ſhip the Ajax, when they unanimouſly declared her unfit for ſervice, notwithſtanding which, the Admiral had ordered her to be repaired; for, "Let her ſink or ſwim," ſaid he, "it ſhan't be ſaid we loſt two ſhips in our bruſh with the French b——s."

The French are again at their old work of bleeding the Queen; the poor woman ſtands a good chance of being killed *ſecundum artem*, the Doctors having taken blood from her every month or ſix weeks ſince her pregnancy was announced; ſhe was blooded the ſecond of this month, for the ſixth time within leſs than ſeven months. God knows where the poor Queen finds blood for ſo many of thoſe learned leeches to draw from her!

Laſt week ſeveral perſons were convicted before the Magiſtrates of Aberdeen, of committing riots and breaches of the peace in the night-time, upon the ſtreets; upon which they were fined in different ſums of money, payble to the procurator-fiſcal; and ordained to be impriſoned for ſeveral days, and thereafter until payment of their fines.

A correſpondent has favoured us with the following account of the produce and expence of a crop of potatoes this year, from a Scots acre of ground in the county of Aberdeen; and as its exactneſs may be depended upon, we inſert it for the conſideration of farmers:

54 and a half bolls beſt potatoes, at 8 s. per boll.	L. 21	16
1½ bolls ſmall ditto, riddled from the whole	10	6
	22	6 6
Expence of trenching the ground, two bolls ſeed-potatoes, planting them, weeding, hoeing, digging, weighing and carriage of the crop, 5 l. 5 s. 2 d. rent of the ground 4 l. 4 s.	9	9 2
Profit, L.	12	17 4

N. B. The ground was a rich, black, under-ſoil, and had been fourteen years in graſs, paſtured by cows.

Extract of a letter from Down, October 21.

"This afternoon at three o'clock, a large boat or ſcaff was put aſhore two miles to the eaſtward of this place, and daſhed to pieces amongſt the rocks; and I imagine had been loaded from Inverneſs to ſome place in Caithneſs, as there are ſome clothes, cart wheels, and birch axel-trees come aſhore, marked with a knife X. X. W. R. and a bartel of tar, but neither men nor cheſt."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Oct. 25.

"The clerks at the public offices have been employed day and night, for ſome days paſt, in preparing the national accounts for the inſpection of Parliament, and which are to be ſubmitted to their conſideration on Monday next. The Commiſſioners were under no ſmall uneaſineſs, as they had been entirely made up ſome weeks ago, but on cloſing they could not be brought to balance. They have had a moſt ſevere chace after what occaſioned the error, which was at length found to lie in the Office of Pells, and, to their great ſatisfaction, enabled them to furniſh the Secretary with what he intended to have made an apology for, and required ſome longer time.

"It has been within theſe four days ſignified, in the moſt ſerious manner, to all the *friends* of Government, in Parliament, that it is expected they will attend every day in their place, and not quit the Houſe until the adjournment, without any excuſe, during the ſeſſion, under pain of the higheſt diſpleaſure.

"No ſatisfactory anſwer was received at the Caſtle on Sunday laſt, from our dear countryman and independent patriot, the Earl of Hillſborough, reſpecting the Portugal buſineſs. If there is not, before the meeting of Parliament, it is ſaid that, among other proceedings, the following reſolution will be propoſed, and as it contains nothing but a ſtatement of uncontroverted facts, there is no doubt but it will paſs *nem. con.*

"Reſolved, That the Right Hon. the E—— of H——
"has wilfully neglected, in his official capacity, as Miniſter for
"Ireland, the intereſts of ſaid kingdom, particularly reſpect-
"ing the freedom of trade to Portugal."

Several letters received in town yeſterday from gentlemen on board the ſquadron under the command of Commodore Johnſtone, after mentioning the capture of the Dutch Indiamen, lament the miſcarriage of the expedition againſt the Cape of Good Hope, which has been rendered abortive by the previous arrival of the French there, under M. de Suffrein, they having garriſoned the princpal fort, and taken ſuch other diſpoſitions as it would have been the higheſt temerity to have attempted any thing againſt it. The letters all agree, that Commodore Johnſtone was on his return home in one of the line of battle ſhips, with the prizes, while the reſt of the ſquadron, land forces, and convoy, were to proſecute their voyage to India, after touching at the iſle of Madagaſcar.

Extract of a letter from Cork, Oct. 22.

"We juſt now learn, that the Flora frigate is arrived at Cove from Admiral Darby's fleet, which ſhe left yeſterday off Cape Clear.

"Laſt Friday, his Majeſty's ſhip Leander, commanded by Captain Shirley, ſailed for Africa, with ſome ſtore-ſhips and other veſſels under her convoy. They left Portſmouth three months ago, and have been here ſince Auguſt."

Extract of a letter from Charleſtown, South Carolina, to a gentleman in Dublin, dated Aug. 28. 1781.

"Our political atmoſphere is at preſent cloudy, and forebodes a ſtorm ſomewhere. Here we have nothing to fear: Colonel Moncrieffe has been indefatigable in ſtrengthening this garriſon and harbour. We can, without exaggeration, have 5000 regular ſoldiers, fit for every duty, in the courſe of ten days, beſides militia, ſailors, and labourers.

"Meaſures are alſo adopted to increaſe our large ſtores of forage and proviſions. Ammunition and artillery of all ſorts we have in quantities ſufficient for a twelvemonth's ſiege. Colonel Stuart commands at Thompſon's, about ninety miles from Charleſtown, with 2000 regulars, beſides militia. Greene is at ſome miles diſtance on the other ſide of Santee river.

"The Continental troops of all ſorts in the rebel army in this province, do not amount to 800 effective men; the rebel militia may ſometimes be 1500; but Greene's main body, continentals included, does not altogether amount to that number."

Inſtead of two Blanks to one Prize, there are above TWO PRIZES to one Blank, in the LEGAL POLICIES iſſued by

J. COOKE,

At his Old STATE-LOTTERY OFFICE,

The KING's-ARMS, in the *Minories*, *London*;

And which may alſo be had, (free of any expence for poſtage or carriage) by applying to the principal Bookſellers, Shopkeepers, &c. in almoſt every town in Great Britain, who receive Commiſſions for J. COOKE, and by whom, the Schemes at large, containing every particular of his advantageous and much-admired policies, are given gratis.

THE ſaid POLICIES are formed from real STATE TICKETS, upon ſuch an ingenious conſtruction as was never yet deviſed, and are ſo ſingularly beneficial to the adventurer, that, by means of two and three DIFFERENT NUMBERS, of which they conſiſt, they comprehend upwards of THIRTY-TWO THOUSAND Chances for A PRIZE (out of the 48,000 Tickets); they include every TWENTY POUND PRIZE, and give the adventurer a very extraordinary probability of a conſiderable ſhare in all the other Prizes, from the higheſt to the loweſt; and to conclude, there never was any plan yet ſuggeſted or propoſed to the Public ſo well calculated to obtain the whole TWENTY THOUSAND, TEN THOUSAND, or FIVE THOUSAND POUND PRIZES, excluſive of all their other advantages.

The aforeſaid Policies are at Five Guineas, Two Guineas, One Guinea, Half-a-Guinea, Five Shillings, and Half-a-Crown; they continue for the whole time of drawing, and conſiſt of TWO and THREE DIFFERENT NUMBERS, which renders them the ſame as ſo many ſeparate Policies, for EVERY NUMBER entitles the adventurer to uncommon large benefits, independent of each other, and collectively they are admirably adapted for ſucceſs.

Thoſe who propoſe adventuring in the preſent Lottery, are requeſted, before they purchaſe, to peruſe one of the Schemes publiſhed by J. COOKE, which fully explains the particulars of his plans, (and are to be had gratis at his Office, and as above); and he preſumes, that upon due conſideration, they will be found to merit the preference of their favours.

Tickets and Shares, in the moſt numerous variety, at the above Office, and numbers examined gratis for twenty years paſt.

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND.

Oct. 10. Dolphin of and from Dundee, Kidd, for Riga, in ballaſt.
— 16. Aberdeen Smack, Taylor, of and from Aberdeen, for Memel, in ballaſt.
Dolphin of and from Inverkeithing, Clark, for Copenhagen, with coals.

ARRIVED,

— 11. Adriana of and for Leith, Crawford; from Peterſburgh, ſundries.
Bacchus of and for ditto, Lindſay, from ditto, with ditto.
Elliot of Kirkcaldy, Kay, from ditto, for Leith, with ditto.
Mary of Boneſs, Thomſon, from ditto, for Sealock, with ditto.
Unity of Alloa, Forreſter, from ditto, for ditto, with ditto.
— 12. Friendſhip of Leith, Denoon, from ditto, for London, ditto.
— 13. Scottiſh Trait of Crail, Cheine, from ditto, for Leith, with ditto.
SAILED this morning, under convoy of his Majeſty's ſhip Africa, of 64 guns, and Lord Amherſt armed ſhip, all the Britiſh veſſels that were lying here for convoy, conſiſting of about 230 ſail.——Wind S.

ARRIVED AND REMAINS,

— 15. Friendſhip of and for Dunbar, Herriot, from Peterſburgh, with ſundries.

ELSINORE, Oct. 16. 1781. Wind N. W.

WALTER WOOD.

GREENOCK SHIPPING.

SAILED,

October 26. Bell, Boag, from Belfaſt, in ballaſt.
—— 28. Nancy, Leitch, from ditto, with goods.

SAILED,

October 25. Cumbrea cutter, Captain Crawford, on a cruiſe.
—— 28. Glaſgow, Hunter, from Ayr, in ballaſt.

LEITH SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

Oct. 30. Induſtry, Duncanſon, from Memel, with ſpeaks.
Jeſſie, Wiſeman, from Peterſburgh, with hemp, &c.
31. Peggie, Dryſdale, from Limekilns, with wheat.

SAILED,

Betty, Henderſon, for Carron, with goods.

THE BELTONFORD CLUB is to meet at the Blue Bell, Haddington, on Monday next, 5th November. Dinner on the table at three o'clock.

BRITISH STATE LOTTERY, 1781.

Begins Drawing the 13th November, and not Two Blanks to a Prize.

THE ORIGINAL TICKETS and SHARES of TICKETS, FROM A HALF TO A SIXTEENTH, *ſtamped at the Bank of England*, *In variety of Numbers, are* SOLD *and* REGISTERED *by*

WHITE AND MITCHELL,

At their Toy Shop and State Lottery Office, oppoſite the Tron Church EDINBURGH;

Agents for Meſſ. RICHARDSON and GODDUCE, London,

(Remarkable for ſelling the moſt capital Prizes.)

ALSO,

CAPITAL ADVENTURES, for the whole time of drawing, from HALF-A-GUINEA to THREE GUINEAS each, either with the whole purchaſe returned on every prize of Twenty Pounds, or on *Tens*, and *half returned* if *all* drawn *Blanks*; with every other benefit the ſcheme of the Lottery will admit, or that any who gives permanent ſecurity can offer.

Tickets and Shares regiſtered at 6 d. each number; and all buſineſs reſpecting the Lottery tranſacted, by *Authority from Government*, on ſame terms as in London, and *no where elſe* in Scotland.

Schemes *gratis*, and letters, poſt paid, duly anſwered.

By the Right Honourable
The Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh,

THERE is to be SET by public roup, in the Council Chamber, on Wedneſday next, the 7th day of November, at five o'clock afternoon, for one or more years after Martinmas next, as may be agreed upon at the roup,

The Paſturage of the Meadows or Hope Park.

The articles of roup to be ſeen at the City-clerks Chamber.

A SLOOP to be SOLD.

UPON Monday the 5th of November 1781, the Sloop NELLY, belonging to Kirkcaldy, with her boat boat and apparelling, is to be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of John Wilſon vintner in Kirkcaldy, betwixt the hours of eleven and twelve forenoon. This ſloop is of 45 tons burden, all built of

THAT there is to be again exposed to sale, by public roup, upon Friday the second day of November next, between the hours of four and six afternoon, within the Queen's Head Tavern, Ayr,

That part of the Nethertown of Alloway called the KILN PARK,

lying in the parish, and within a measured mile and a half of the town of Ayr, divided into three inclosures, with a slated farm-house, formerly exposed to sale, and now the upset price to be lowered. The purchaser's entry to be at the 22d day of November next.

The articles of roup and progress of writs will be seen in the hands of Robert Aitken writer in Ayr.

SALE OF LANDS NEAR THE TOWN OF AYR.

THAT upon the 16th day of November next, betwixt the hours of twelve mid-day and two afternoon, there is to be exposed to sale by public voluntary roup, within the house of John Mackenzie vintner in Ayr,

The lands and Estate of BRAEHEAD, lying in the parish of Saint Ewor and shire of Ayr, and within a mile of the town of Ayr, with the teind, &c. holding of the Crown.

These lands are pleasantly situated upon the banks of river of Ayr. There is a genteel commodious mansion-house, with suitable office-houses upon the lands, with an extensive orchard and good kitchen-garden, and the whole are to be set up at a low price.

The progress of writs, with the articles of roup, are to be seen in the hands of Robert Aitken writer in Ayr.

SALE OF INCHMARTINE,

TO be SOLD by private Bargain, by the Tutors of Miss OGILVY of Inchmartine, under the authority of the Court of Session,

All and whole the LANDS and BARONY of INCHMARTINE, comprehending the Mains and Manor-place of Inchmartine, Easter and Wester Inchmartine, Pitmiddle, Craigdeallie, Mill and astricted Multures thereof, Balgay, Mireside, and Temple Lands of Greenhead, with the Teinds of the foresaid whole lands, except those of Balgay, all holding blench of the Crown, and lying in the parishes of Errol, Inchture, and Kinnaird, and county of Perth.

The free rent is 903 l. 18 s. 10 d. 11-12ths Sterling of money, 319 bolls 2 firlots 2 pecks wheat, 361 bolls 2 firlots barley, and 127 bolls meal, with 365 poultry, besides a number of carriages payable when demanded.

This estate lies about mid-way between Perth and Dundee, on the two public roads to these towns, in the heart of the Carse of Gowrie, which is known to be one of the most beautiful and fertile countries in Scotland. It is of great extent, and consists of a proper proportion of carse and other grounds. The soil is of the richest and most substantial nature, and produces crops of all kinds of the very best quality. The barony measure is large, and the victual-farm gives the highest prices. The tenants are all in good circumstances, the rents regularly paid, and no arrears upon the estate, which being capable of great improvement, a purchaser will have every prospect of rises as the leases drop.

There are many valuable old trees on the Carse estate, and an extensive thriving young plantation in the hill of Pitmiddle.

The mansion-house, which consists of twelve rooms, besides two wings containing every accommodation for a large family, is in complete order, and stands nearly in the center of the estate, at a proper distance from a large court of offices, a pigeon-house, a fine orchard, and a new garden, inclosed by high walls, well stocked with fruit-trees of all kinds. The farm, which surrounds the house, and to which, or any part of it, a purchaser can have access at pleasure, is sufficiently inclosed; and the thriving hedge-rows and stripes of planting on this part of the estate give a most beautiful and luxuriant appearance to the whole place.

The country abounds with game of all kinds, and the valued rent of the estate is sufficient to give nine freehold qualifications in the county of Perth. Above 20,000 l. Sterling of the price, or such part thereof as the purchaser inclines, will be allowed to remain in his hands on proper security.

The progress is clear, and, with the rental, &c. may be seen in the hands of Andrew Stuart, jun. writer to the signet; to whom, or to John Robertson writer in Edinburgh, persons inclining to purchase may apply.

James Niell gardener at Inchmartine, will show the estate and the house.

By Adjournment.

TO be SOLD by roup, or auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouse Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 28th day of November 1781, betwixt the hours of five and seven afternoon,

I. The Lands and Barony of CLOSEBURN, lying in the united parishes of Closeburn and Dalgarna, and shire of Dumfries, with the right of patronage of the said united parishes.

II. The Lands and Estate of CAPENOCH, lying in the parish of Keir and shire aforesaid.

The Barony of Closeburn consists of 9360 acres, or thereby; and the free-rent, after deduction of all public burdens, is about 1740 l. Sterling, exclusive of the lime-quarries and salmon-fishing.

There are Woods upon this estate to the extent of 270 acres, or thereby, whereof about 180 is mostly oak, one-half twenty years old, the other lately cut, about fifty is fir and other timber near and round the mansion-house, 50 years old; and about forty is a thriving plantation of young firs on the farms of Campel and Lakehead.

The farm of Closeburn Mains is completely inclosed and sub-divided, and some of the parks were, a few years ago, laid down to grass, and are in great heart; and a considerable part of the remaining estate is inclosed and parcelled out into small farms, and provided with neat farm houses and offices, lately built.

Near the middle of this Barony there is a lime-work, in a most flourishing condition, which, besides being a noble fund for improving the estate, has, for a number of years past, yielded several hundred pounds of clear annual profit.

The estate has right of Salmon-fishing on the river Nith, which bounds it on the south. It has also great plenty of moss; and the whole is well sheltered and watered.

It is situated about ten measured miles from the market-town and thirteen from the port of Dumfries, where there is a constant demand for grain, both for home consumption and export; also a weekly market for cattle of every kind. It is about the same distance from Sanquhar, from which coal can be got at a reasonable rate, and only two miles from the village of Thornhill, where there is a quarterly fair, and a good market for yarn, and all sorts of coarse cloths, the manufacture of the country.

The great roads from England and Dumfries, to Glasgow and Ayr, by Thornhill and Sanquhar, and to Edinburgh, by the Lead-hills, pass through this estate, for upwards of three miles.

These advantages, in point of situation and intercourse, afford the tenants an opportunity of getting the very best prices for the product of their farms.

The barony of Closeburn stands rated in the cess-books at 4350 merks Scots, whereof about 3000 merks holds blench of the Crown, and the remainder of subjects for payment of small feu-duties. The proprietor has right to the tithes.

The estate of Capenoch holds of a subject, and is pleasantly situated on the banks of the waters of Shinnel and Scarr. It contains 900 acres or thereby, including about 56 acres of wood twenty years old. Part of these lands are at present in the proprietor's own hand, but the free rent of the whole, when last set, was 231 l. 3 s. 6 d. ster. The arable part of this estate has almost all been limed within these three years, and the pasture ground is reckoned one of the best sheep walks in Nithsdale. The lands of Byreholm, part of Capenoch, has lately been inclosed and divided into small farms, and good houses built on them.

William Campbell writer to the signet will shew the title-deeds, rent-rolls, current leases, plans of the estate, and conditions of sale; and copies of the rent-rolls will be seen in the hands of Mr William Macdowal, at Dumfries, the factor on the estate, who will also shew the lands.

For farther particulars, apply to Alexander Farquharson accomptant in Edinburgh, who has power to sell by private bargain, and will be ready to treat and allow a reasonable time to pay the price.

EXCISE-OFFICE, Edinburgh, October 26. 1781.

By order of the Hon. COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE.

ON SATURDAY the 3d of November next, at twelve o'clock noon, there will be exposed to SALE by public auction, at the Excise Warehouse in LEITH, (pursuant to an act passed in the last session of Parliament), The following Quantities of TEA, seized and condemned as forfeited,

VIZ.

4 Boxes, containing 338 lib. of BLACK TEA;	appraised at	6s. 6d.	per lib.
5 Bags, containing 216 lib. of ditto;	— —	at 6s. 3d.	per lib.
2 Ditto, containing 14 lib. of ditto;	— —	at 6s.	per lib.
2 Ditto, containing 14 libs. of ditto;	— —	at 3s.	per lib.

The goods, which will be put up in lots, and the conditions of sale, to be seen at the Excise Warehouse in Leith, on the day preceding, and the morning of the day of sale.

SALE of LAND in the County of Forfar.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by public auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 5th day of December next, at five o'clock in the afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of KINNORDY and INVERCARITY, lying in the parishes of Kirriemuir, Tannadyce, Lentrathen, and Glenisla, and shire of Forfar, the yearly free rent whereof, including the rises which take place in 1781, is 1755 l. 13 s. 3 d. Sterling.—There is a great number of services and carriages not rentalled, which, at the ordinary conversions, would amount to about 50 l. sterling per annum; and in 1782, and three following years, additional rises come on to the extent of about 35 l.

The lands lie mostly contiguous, in the rich and agreeable country of *Strathmore*, about three miles from Forfar, nine from Brechin, and much the same distance from Cupar of Angus, all good market towns.

The estate is very extensive and improveable, having inexhaustible *marle* and *moss*; the *first* of which, for many years past, has produced about 200 l. the *last* about 50 l. per annum; and the demand is increasing, the marle for season 1780 having produced 370 l. There is a large improveable muir in the neighbourhood of the marle; of which, on a legal division, the greatest part will fall to this estate. The mains of Kinnordy and Invercarity are inclosed with stone dykes, or ditches and hedges; and there is both at Kinnordy and Invercarity a great deal of thriving planting of different ages, and a good deal of it fit for cutting.

There is a most excellent mansion-house at Kinnordy, fit to accommodate any family, with a complete set of offices entirely new; a large kitchen garden, and good pigeon-house.

The lands hold partly of the Crown, entitling the proprietor to two votes at elections for members of Parliament, and partly of subjects superiors, for payment of small feu-duties. The proprietor has right to the teinds of all the lands, except two small parcels; and of one of these the teinds are valued.

The estate will be exposed to sale either *in cumulo*, at 41,000 l. sterl. or in the following LOTS, at the upset prices after specified.

LOT I.

The Mains and Manor-place of KINNORDY, with the policy, garden, and offices; the Lands of Little Inchcauseway-end, Catlawburn, Meikle Mill, and Mill-Lands; the lands of Clockmill, Balbrydie, Lochdrum, Mid-brae, Bastardbrae, Cowlhawk, Meikle Cramond Inch, and Mosside Parks, whereof the free rent, including 11 l. of rise in 1781, with 200 l. for marle, 50 l. for moss, and 19 l. 14 s. 9 d. for feu-duties, is 868 l. 18 s. 5 d. besides a farther rise of 10 l. 7 s. 5 d. which comes on in 1782, and 31. 6 s. 8 d. in 1784. The upset price is 19,000 l.

On the Mains is a great deal of planting, valued above 1400 l. besides about 300 acres of Clune-Hill, inclosed, and planted in a very thriving way, and valued at 15 l. per annum, but not rentalled.

The lands lie in the parish of Kirriemuir, and hold of a subject superior, for payment of a small feu-duty; but superiorities in the parish of Tannadyce, to the extent of a freehold qualification, will be disponed to the purchaser of this lot.

LOT II.

The MAINS of INVERCARITY, with the tower, fortalice, and inclosures; the lands of Crieff, and hill thereof; parks of Lintlay, and Birkhill, Corn-mill and Lint-mill, Mill-lands, Sparrowdrum, Greenmyre, Muirhouses, and Wester Shealhill, lying in the parish of Kirriemuir; And the lands of Turfachie, Drumhead, Well-bank, Cossacks, and Dunipark, with the Corn-mill and Waulk-mill, lying in the parish of Tannadyce, opposite to Invercarity, whereof the yearly free-rent, including the rises in 1781, is 415 l. 18 s. 3 d. The upset price to be 10,700 l.——The lands lie in a fine sporting country, and have a great deal of thriving planting on them, (whereof a considerable part is just now fit for cutting), exceeding 1500 l. sterl. in value, and a right of salmon fishing on the South Esk for above a mile on both sides of the river. At the junction of the Esk, Prosen, and Carity, stands the old castle, which, with some additions, would accommodate a private family. The situation is remarkably beautiful and romantic, and commands an extensive prospect of the strath down to Brechin and Montrose.—The lands hold partly of the Crown, entitling to a freehold-qualification, and partly of a subject superior, for a small feu-duty. And the rent rises 16 l. 6 s. 8 d. in 1782, and three following years.

LOT III.

MEAMS, Miln thereof, and Mill-lands, Balnagarrow, Chapeltown, Dykeside, and Caldhame, whereof the yearly free-rent, including the rises in 1781, is 203 l. 9 s. 4 d. sterl. and it rises 5 l. more in 1782. The upset price to be 4700 l.

On this lot is a thriving plantation of about 36 Scots acres of ground. The lands are very improveable, lie near the marle, and the thriving village of Kirriemuir, and hold of a subject superior for payment of a small feu-duty.

LOT IV.

The lands of OVER and NETHER MEGBIES, in the parish of Kirriemuir, the free-yearly rent whereof is 80 l. 6 s. 4 d. and the upset-price to be 2000 l.—The lands are of an excellent soil, in the neighbourhood of marle, and have a large improveable property-muir adjacent to them, not rentalled. The markets of Kirriemuir stand there; tent-meal is drawn by the proprietor, and his tenants pay no custom.

LOT V.

The Lands of EASTER COULL, and Sir John Ogilvy's part of the Lands of BALLINTORE, Westertown, Langdrum, and Burnside, lying in the parish of Lentrathan; the free rent whereof is 33 l. 9 s. 6 d. Also, an heritable right and tack of the Earl of Airly's part of Balintore, redeemable on payment of 2000 merks Scots. To be exposed together at 1050 l. The lands afford excellent pasture, are of considerable extent, and very improveable. They are to hold feu of the purchaser of lot I. for payment of 6 pennies Scots feu-duty.

LOT VI.

Lands of WESTMILL of GLENISLA, and miln thereof, Dalnacabock, Easter and Wester Ward, and Dalchally, lying in the parish of Glenisla, whereof the free rent is 48 l. 9 s. 11 d. and the upset price is to be 1100 l. They lie in the mouth of the Highlands, in a fine sporting country, and very proper for goat whey quarters, having a small slated dwelling-house lately repaired. They hold of a subject superior for payment of a small feu-duty.

LOT VII.

NEWTOWN PARKS, being fourteen in number, Little Park, Quarry, and Whammond's Faulds, whereof the yearly free-rent is 105 l. 1 s. 4 d. and the upset price is to be 2500 l.—These inclosures lie hard by the town of Kirriemuir, on the declivity of the hill, have a beautiful exposure to the south; and might be feued and builded on to great advantage, there being an excellent free-stone quarry in one of the inclosures, plenty of good water, and clumps of thriving firs belonging to them.

Persons inclining a private bargain betwixt and the day of sale, may apply to Alex. Farquharson, Esq; accomptant in Edinburgh, or to John Gordon clerk to the signet, in whose hands the title-deeds, articles of sale, and measurement of the lands may be seen.

The overseer at Kinnordy will shew the house and different lots of the estate.

By Adjournment, *and Upset Price fixed.*

TO be SOLD, by roup or auction, within John's Cossee-house, Edinburgh, on Monday the 19th day of November 1781, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of CARGEN, lying in

the parish of Traquair, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright, about three measured miles from Dumfries.

It consists of about 720 English acres of exceeding fine rich loamy soil, laid out in the best manner, well watered, and subdivided with hedges, dykes, and ditches, and belts of planting from 60 to 70 feet wide. About 25 acres are planted in this manner with fir, oak, ash, beech, and elm, which, with the hedges, are all in the most healthy and thriving condition, from five to twenty-five years old. The farm-houses are in good repair, being all lately built.

The estate lies on a declivity, facing south and south-east, along the banks of the river Nith, which is navigable for a good way above it. It has within itself an inexhaustible fund of manure called Sea Sketch, which, from experience, has been found equal, if not superior to any other for raising all kinds of corn and grass.

Near the centre of the estate is the Mansion-house, Garden, and Orchard, contiguous, pleasantly situated. The orchard stored with the best fruit-trees, standards as well as espalliers, all in healthy and thriving condition. Near the house, there is a complete court of offices consisting of barns, granary, stables, byres, sheds and straw, hog and poultry yards, and other conveniencies fit for the accommodation of a gentleman's family.

The rent of the estate previous to Whitsunday last was about 677 l. Owing to some of the farms being set from that term for one year, or short endurances, and under restrictions as to tillage, the rent from Whitsunday last is only about 500 l.

The lands hold of subject-superior, for payment of 3 l. 6 s. 8 d. of feu-duty, except a small pendicle which holds of the Crown.

The valuation is 625 l. Scots.—The Landlord is bound to pay the whole public burdens, which are the above-mentioned feu-duty of 3 l. 6 s. 8 d. the cess, with 2 l. 8 s. 10½ d. of stipend, and 1 l. 3 s. 0½ d. of school salary.—The teinds were valued in 1755, and the heritor has a tack thereof from the Crown, current till Lammas 1789.

The upset price of this lot, for the encouragement of offerers, is Twelve Thousand Pounds.

ALSO, to be SOLD, time and place foresaid, the SUPERIORITY of the Eight-merk Land of DRUM, lying in the barony and parish of New Abbey, and stewartry foresaid, which gives a freehold qualification in the county. The vassal pays a feu-duty of 13 s. 4 d. Sterling.—Upset price One Hundred Pounds.

William Campbell writer to the signet will shew the title-deeds, rental, current leases, and conditions of sale. Copies of the conditions of sale, and inventory of writs, will be seen in the hands of Thomas Goldie writer in Dumfries. And those who wish for further information may apply to them, or Mr Ludovick Grant, accomptant in Edinburgh.

By ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by roup or auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 29th day of November next, betwixt the hours of five and seven afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of HOLMAINS,

(as formerly advertised)

Lying in the parishes of Dalton and Lochmaben, (except the lands of Upper Dormont, and the lands of Peacairn, in the parish of Dalton, and the Lands in Hoddam and Drysdale parishes, now sold); to be exposed altogether, or in the following lots or parcels, and put up, for the encouragement of purchasers, at the low prices after mentioned, viz.

The whole remaining Estate will be exposed at 14,700 l.

And if it does not sell *in cumulo*, it will then be divided, and exposed in lots or parcels, thus, viz.

LOT I.

The Farm of Harthwood, in the parish of Lochmaben, about 345 acres, present rent 66 l. and twelve hens, holding of the Crown, and valued in the cess-books at 135 merks. The teinds are valued and exhausted; and there is a limestone quarry, lately discovered and opened, which may yield a good rent, there being no other limestone in that part of the country. To be exposed at 1350 l.

LOT II.

The whole Estate in the parish of Dalton, (except Upper Dormont and Peacairn) with the Patronage of the Parish of Dalton; to be exposed altogether at 14,000 l.; and if not sold, it will be divided into three parcels, and exposed as follows, viz.

Parcel 1. The Lands of Meikle Dalton, (excepting Peacairn) and Kirkwood, and the Fillings thereof, with the Patronage of the Parish of Dalton, all holding of the Crown, containing about 714 acres, and paying presently about 288 l.; to be exposed at 7200 l.

This parcel is all inclosed and subdivided; and there is a very good mansion-house at Kirkwood, with gardens, orchards, offices, and out-houses of all kinds, for the accommodation of a gentleman's family. There is also above 90 acres of wood land, not rentalled; and the woods are very valuable. They sold at last cutting, in 1754, at 915 l.; and are now again very thriving, and fit for sale. Since 1754, the woods have been encreased by 30 acres of more planting; and all this is exclusive of the full-grown old timber trees that ling round the house and gardens of Kirkwood, and at the village of Dalton, computed to be worth from 300 to 400 l.

2. The Lands of Holmains, Dam, Little Dalton, Mill thereof, Kirkhill, Amagill, Butterwhat, and Part of Mousewald Common, all holding of the Crown, containing about 1211 acres, and paying presently about 273 l.; to be exposed at 6200 l.

This parcel is completely inclosed and sub-divided; and there is marle on several of the farms. There is also a convenient mansion-house and garden at Holmains, and 30 acres of wood land, not rentalled. The woods are valuable. They sold, when last cut, in 1767, at 750 l. and, being since well kept, are now very thriving. There is also detached clumps or parcels of oak and ash, on different parts of the estate, now fit for sale; and a rise of 50 l. or thereby, is expected on the lands of Holmains, when the current tacks expire, in 1784.

3. The Lands called Fourteen Acres, consisting of about 73 acres, and paying presently 30 l. and 15 hens; to be exposed at 770 l. The purchaser of this parcel will have a freehold qualification upon the old extent.

And, at the same time and place, there is also to be sold, by roup, the Superiority of the Lands after-mentioned, in the lots following, viz.

LOT I. The Superiority of the Seven Merk Land of Pearsbyhill, called Craighousesteads and Midge Brae, belonging in property to Joseph and Richardson, valued in the cess-books at 142 merks, and paying 20 merks of yearly feu-duty.

II. The Superiority of the Three Merk Land of Lairdholm and Plewlandash, belonging in property to Johnston, presently under judicial sale at the instance of the apparent heir, valued in the cess-books at 140 merks, and paying 2 l. Scots of annual feu-duty.

III. The Superiority of the Forty Shilling Land of Rammerscales, belonging in property to Mr Mounsey, valued in the cess-books at 90 merks, and paying 2 l. Scots of annual feu-duty, and 3 s. 4 d. in augmentation of the rental.

IV. The Superiority of the Forty Shilling Land of Cocket-hill, also belonging in property to Mr Mounsey, valued in the cess books at 100 merks, and paying 2 l. Scots of feu-duty.

V. The Superiority of the Five One-half Merk Land of Raffels, Robywhat, Greenfields, and Howthat, belonging in property to Mr Carruthers of Hardriggs, valued in the cess-books at 245 merks, and paying 5¾ merks of feu-duty.

William Campbell writer to the signet will show the title-deeds, rent-rolls, and current leases, plans of the estate, and conditions of sale. John Johnston at Shillihill, near Lochmaben, will shew the lands.

Those who wish for further information, or incline to purchase by private bargain, may apply to Alexander Farquharson accomptant in Edinburgh, who will be ready to treat, and to allow a reasonable time for payment of the price.

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